## CLASS - XI

## Chapter – 9 (SEQUENCES AND SERIES) MODULE – 1 of 3 (WORKSHEET)

## Distance Learning Programme: An initiative by AEES, Mumbai

- 1. State the definition of Sequence, Progression and Series with example.
- 2. Write the 12<sup>th</sup> and 13<sup>th</sup> terms of the Fibonacci sequence.
- 3. A series is given as  $\sum_{i=1}^{9} (3i + 2)$ . Find its 7<sup>th</sup> term.
- 4. Write *F* for finite and *I* for infinite sequences
  - a) 1, 4, 7, 10
  - b) Odd numbers less than 100
  - c) First 1000 prime numbers
  - d) Negative integers
- 5. Identify the following progressions as in A.P, G.P or H.P
  - a) First 10 even numbers in ascending order
  - b) 1, 4, 16, 64, 256
  - c) 1, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16, 1/32
  - d) 0, 1/2, 1, 3/2, 2, 5/2, 3
  - e) 1, 1/2, 1/3, 1/4, 1/5, 1/6
- 6. Write the first three terms in sequences defined by  $a_n = 7n 2$ . Also write the series
- 7. Write the 12<sup>th</sup> term of the sequence defined by  $a_n = (1 + n)(3 2n)$ .
- 8. Write the geometric progression in which quotient is 3 and first term is 5.
- A series is given as ∑<sup>3</sup><sub>k=1</sub>(5k). Can we find the value for the series? If YES, Write the value.
- 10. Find the sequence where

 $a_1 = 2 \& a_n = a_{n-1} + 3, n > 1$ 

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